

geträumt

flute, violin and ensemble
(violin 2, viola, violoncello, double bass, clarinet,
bassclarinet, horn, trombone, timpani and percussion)

eva-maria houben

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geträumt

für flöte, violine und ensemble (violine 2, viola, violoncello,
kontrabass, klarinette, bassklarinette, horn, posaune, pauken und
schlagwerk)

dreamed

for flute, violin and ensemble (violin 2, viola, violoncello, double
bass, clarinet, bassclarinet, horn, trombone, timpani and
percussion)

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2016

für heribert (zum 10.09.2016)

dass die flöte begann! – und dann schien es so, als wollte sie gar nicht mehr aufhören.

als mich dies doch sehr verwunderte, entgegnete einer: das ist hier so. was du wunderlich findest, tun wir einfach. sprach's und verschwand und kehrte flugs zurück mit einem neuen blatt: der violine ging es nicht viel anders, sie schien sich eine ewigkeit lang verabschieden zu wollen.

mir fielen wörter auf, die ich altmodisch finde: flugs, wunderlich, sprach's – und ich wollte es nicht dabei belassen, sondern diesen dingen auf den grund gehen. und erfuhr: das ist hier so. du befindest dich eben jetzt gerade hier – und da ist es einfach so.

und wie sie gekleidet waren: so luftig und leicht. als gebe es keine kälte mehr auf der welt. ich dachte fast, ich sei in einem traum. und hell war es. sie spielten im freien.

war es belangreich, was sie spielten, was sie taten? (oder sagt man: belangvoll? – nein: von belang eher?) ich kann es nicht sagen. vielleicht konnte ich die ballungen und lösungen, die begegnungen und entfernungen – die einsamkeiten wohl auch – hören. (aber von einsamkeiten zu sprechen, ist eigentlich nicht ganz zutreffend. vielleicht sollte ich lieber sagen: die geschiedenheiten... gibt es dieses wort? vielleicht: verschiedenheiten?) auf jeden fall – und da bin ich mir fast sicher – schienen alle etwas leicht (und freundlich zueinander, miteinander – ja, das waren sie wohl) zu sein. und ich dachte bei mir: wenn das hier so ist – dann gefällt es mir eigentlich sehr.

aber ich weiß nicht, ob meine meinung hier von belang ist. (schon wieder dieses wort: ich weiß noch nicht einmal, ob ich etwas von belang versteh.) sie waren alle da, keiner fehlte! das ist sicher.

irgendwann, so warf eine noch ein, irgendwann, wenn wir es lange genug geprobt und aufgeführt haben, dann spielen wir ohne zeit. dann spielen wir irgendwann irgendwo unsere töne – und es stimmt immer.

irgendwann während dieser praxis könnten wir uns auch als duos zusammenfinden und *indian summer* ausführen.

that the flute began! – and then it seemed as if the flute did not want to stop. when I was puzzled by this one of them retorted: this is the custom here. what you'll find whimsical we simply perform. spoke in this way and disappeared and returned speedily with a new sheet of paper: the violin, it was not much different: it seemed to go on to say goodbye forever. some words attracted my attention, words I normally considered as outmoded – and I did not want to leave it at that; I wanted to get to the bottom of those things. and learned: that's the way things work here. it's the situation right now where you are – and it's simply like this. and which clothes they could wear: so light and airy. as if there was no longer any cold in the world. I nearly thought I was in a dream. and how bright it was! they performed outdoors.

was it important what they performed, what they did? (or should I say: was it material – or: germane to anything?) I cannot decide it. perhaps I could hear the agglomerations and resolutions, the encounters and distances – probably the solitudes. (but to speak about solitudes: perhaps it is not quite applicable. perhaps I should prefer to say: the severance or singleness? is it correct to speak in this way? or should I say: differences?)

in any case – and I am almost certain – all seemed to be somewhat light (and friendly to each other, all together – yes, they probably lived in this way). and I thought: if this is the custom here – then it extremely pleases me.

but I don't know if my opinion is of any relevance here. (again this word: I even do not know if I understand anything of importance.)

they were all there, nobody was missing! that is sure.

sometime, one of them threw in, sometime, when we have practiced and performed long enough, we will play without time. then we play our sounds sometime somewhere – and it is always true.

sometime during this time of practice we even could find together as duos – and practice *indian summer*.

die zeitangaben gelten als grobe orientierungsmarken. sie können immer ein wenig unter- oder überschritten werden.
vorzeichen gelten immer nur einmal vor der betreffenden note.

es gibt „spur“ und „weite“.

spur (→):

der/die ausführende folgt mit den klängen einer eigenen spur (mit je eigenem tempo, mit je eigenen ton- und pausendauern) – und zwar so, dass eine gleichmäßige, ruhige und hastlose repetitionskette entsteht.

das repetitionsmuster auch bei erreichen einer zeitmarke ruhig zu ende führen – oder auch (je nachdem) etwas früher schon beenden.

- : vorwiegend sind die tondauern eher länger bis lang. die frei gewählte(n) tondauer(n) stehen aber der ausbildung einer ruhigen (auch weit gespannten) pulsation nicht im wege. einige deutlich kürzere perkussions-anschläge sind mit ● angegeben.
- // : pausenzäsur von freier dauer; für sie gilt dasselbe.
- ||○|| : ein deutlich längerer klang, eine art orgelpunkt.

weite (klammern []):
[]

- : klänge von freier dauer.
einzelne klänge werden in eine weite gestellt.
ab und zu können zwei oder auch mehrere klänge miteinander verbunden werden, so dass eine art melodie-fragment zu entstehen scheint.

die klänge innerhalb einer klammer können in freier reihenfolge gespielt werden. klänge können ausgelassen, auch wiederholt werden.

schlagwerk:

cl: claves; l: laub; dr: gr. trommel; becken

φ→ : zartes geräusch die ganze zeit über fortsetzen (l = laub, getrocknetes laub in einer schale bewegen; dr = trommel mit naturfell, fell sanft streichen).

- D : becken, mit streicherbogen streichen.

streicher:

die griffe der flageoletts in der sekunde (violine 2) ergeben keine präzisen tonhöhen, sondern einen geräuschhaften klang, fast nur rauschen.

natürliche flageoletts in den streichern: angabe der erklingenden tonhöhe (note) plus angabe der saite (römische zahl) plus angabe der teiltonzahl (arabische zahl).

the times indicate rough orientation marks. they can be a little below the precise timing or can slightly exceed.
accidentals always count only once before the relevant note.

there are „tracks“ – and there is “width”.

track (→):

the performer follows with the sounds an own track (with own tempo, with own durations of sounds and pauses) – in a way that a steady, calm and quiet track of repetitions results.
conclude the pattern of repetitions even if you have reached the time frame – or even conclude somewhat earlier, depending on the length of the pattern.

- : the durations of the sounds are mostly rather long or long.
 the freely chosen durations do not avoid the development
 of a calm and wide pulsation. some considerably shorter
 percussion attacks are indicated with ●.
- // : pause caesura of free duration; the same applies.
- ||○|| : a considerably longer sound.

width (brackets ⌈ ⌉):
 ⌊ ⌋

- : sounds of free duration.
single sounds are provided in a width.
off and on two or more sounds can be connected – in a way that a
kind of melody or fragment of a melody seems to appear.
the sounds within the brackets can be played in free order.
sounds can be omitted, can be repeated.

percussion:

cl: claves; l: leaves; dr: drum; cymbal

- ø→ : soft noise; continue the whole time (l = leaves,
dried leaves in a bowl, moved by hand; dr = drum with
natural skin, strike the skin softly)
- ^D : cymbal, stroken by a string bow.

strings:

the fingerings for the partials in seconds (violin 2) do not evoke
precise pitches but a sound with a high amount of noise.
natural partials of the strings: the sounding pitch is indicated
(note), then the number of the string (roman number), then the
number of the partial (arabic number).

flöte / flute

A musical score for flute (flöte / flute) consisting of six staves of music. Each staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Horizontal arrows below each staff indicate the duration of the measures. Time markers are placed at the start of each staff.

00:00 03:00

03:00 05:00

05:00 07:00

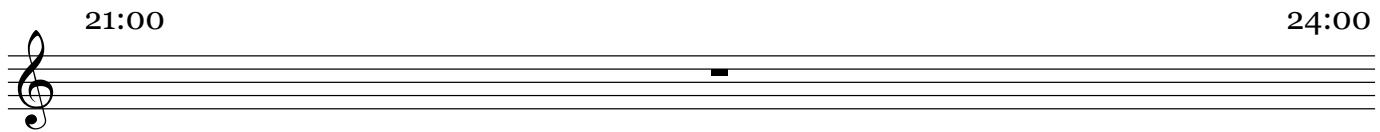
07:00 10:00

10:00 13:00

13:00 21:00

The score includes various note heads (circles) and rests. In the final staff (measures 13:00-21:00), the notes include sharp and flat symbols, indicating key changes or specific performance techniques. The score concludes with a large bracket spanning all six staves from measure 13:00 to 21:00.

flöte / flute



Musical staff for flute. The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notes are: a short dash at 24:00, followed by a sharp note at 24:30, a short note at 25:00, another sharp note at 25:30, and a short note at 26:00. A horizontal arrow points to the right below the staff.

Musical staff for flute. The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notes are: a short dash at 29:00, followed by a long dash at 31:00.

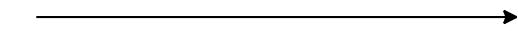
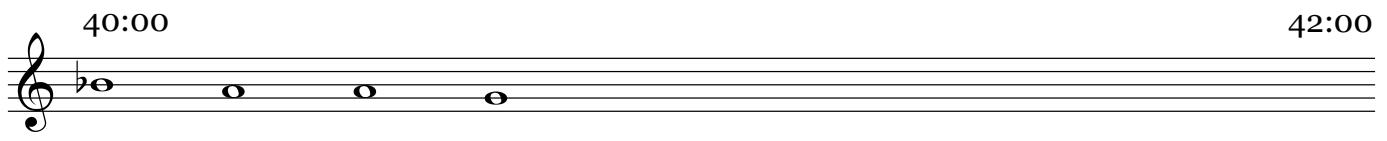
Musical staff for flute. The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notes are: a short dash at 31:00, followed by a double sharp note at 31:30, a sharp note at 32:00, and a short note at 32:30. A horizontal arrow points to the right below the staff.

Musical staff for flute. The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notes are: a sharp note at 33:00, a short note at 33:30, a sharp note at 34:00, a short note at 34:30, a sharp note at 35:00, and another sharp note at 35:30. The staff is enclosed in a bracket.

Musical staff for flute. The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notes are: a short dash at 33:00, followed by a double sharp note at 33:30, a short note at 34:00, a sharp note at 34:30, a short note at 35:00, and a short note at 35:30. A horizontal arrow points to the right below the staff.

Musical staff for flute. The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notes are: a short dash at 37:00, followed by a long dash at 40:00.

flöte / flute



Musical staff in G clef, B-flat key signature. Notes: open circle, B-flat, B-flat, B-flat, open circle, sharp circle. Measure number 42:00.

Musical staff in G clef, B-flat key signature. Notes: open circle, open circle, B-flat, sharp circle, sharp circle, sharp circle. Measure number 45:00.

Musical staff in G clef, B-flat key signature. Notes: open circle. Measure number 47:00.



Musical staff in G clef, B-flat key signature. Notes: dash. Measure number 48:00.

Musical staff in G clef, B-flat key signature. Notes: sharp circle. Measure number 48:00.



Musical staff in G clef, B-flat key signature. Notes: dash. Measure number 50:00.

violine / violin

00:00 08:00

08:00 11:00

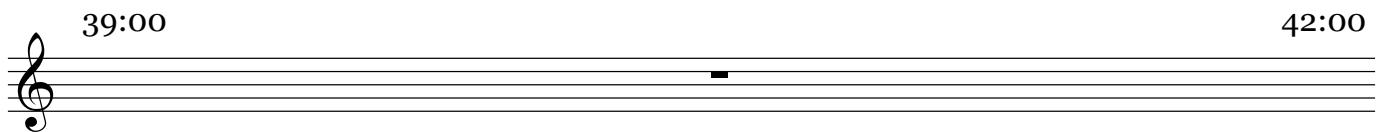
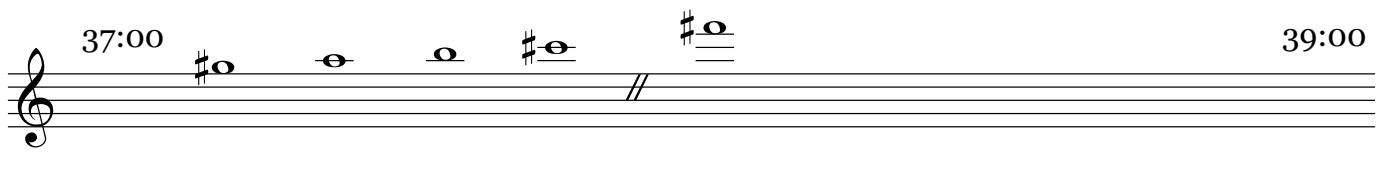
11:00 16:00

16:00 21:00

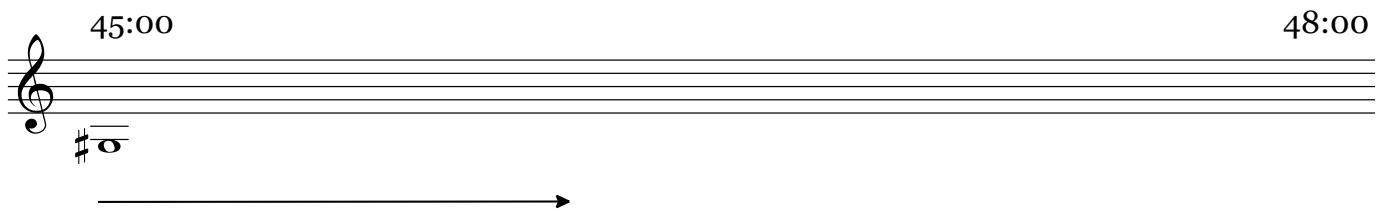
21:00 29:00

29:00 34:00

violine / violin



Musical score for violin from 42:00 to 45:00. The score is enclosed in a bracket. It contains two staves. The top staff has notes: a sharp, a sharp, a sharp, a sharp, a sharp, a sharp. The bottom staff has notes: a sharp, a sharp, a sharp, a sharp, a sharp, a sharp. Below the staves, Roman numerals indicate measures: I⁶, II¹⁰, I⁷, II¹¹.



Musical score for violin at 48:00. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a sharp, a sharp, a sharp, followed by a double bar line. The bottom staff has a short horizontal line with an arrow pointing right.

Musical score for violin at 50:00. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a sharp, a sharp, a sharp, followed by a double bar line. The bottom staff has a long horizontal line with an arrow pointing right.

violine 2 / violin 2

00:00 08:00

08:00 09:00

09:00 11:00

11:00 13:00

13:00 16:00

16:00 19:00

19:00 21:00

21:00 29:00

29:00 32:00

The musical score consists of six staves of music for violin 2. Each staff begins with a treble clef and five horizontal lines. The music includes various notes such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and a double bar line with repeat dots. Measure times are indicated above each staff. The first staff starts at 00:00 and ends at 08:00. The second staff starts at 08:00 and ends at 09:00. The third staff starts at 09:00 and ends at 11:00. The fourth staff starts at 11:00 and ends at 13:00. The fifth staff starts at 13:00 and ends at 16:00. The sixth staff starts at 16:00 and ends at 19:00. The seventh staff starts at 19:00 and ends at 21:00. The eighth staff starts at 21:00 and ends at 29:00. The ninth staff starts at 29:00 and ends at 32:00. A horizontal arrow points to the right below the 19:00 staff, and another arrow points to the right below the 29:00 staff.

violine 2 / violin 2

32:00 34:00

34:00 37:00

37:00 40:00

40:00 42:00

42:00 44:00

44:00 47:00

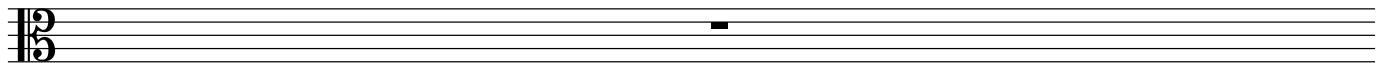
47:00 50:00

50:00 55:00

viola

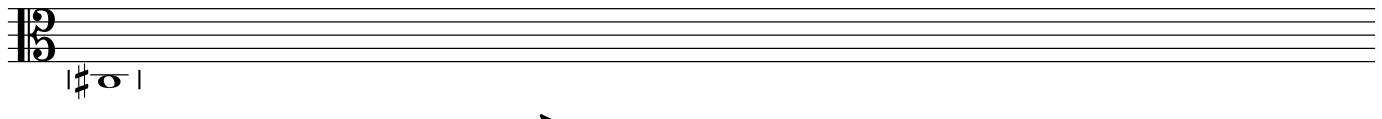
00:00

10:00



10:00

15:00



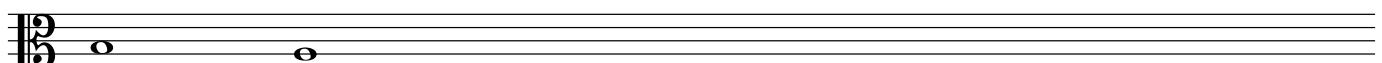
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18:00



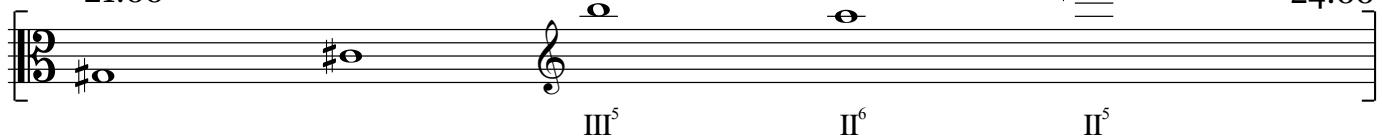
18:00

21:00



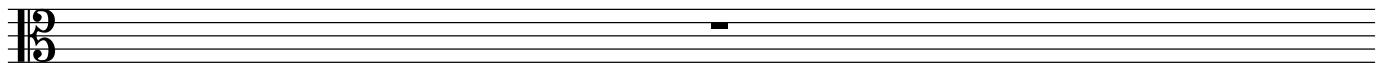
21:00

24:00



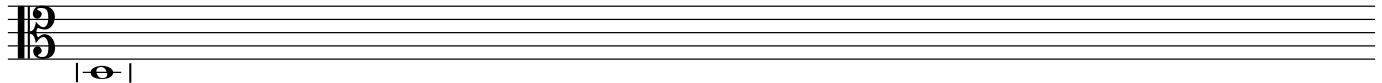
24:00

29:00



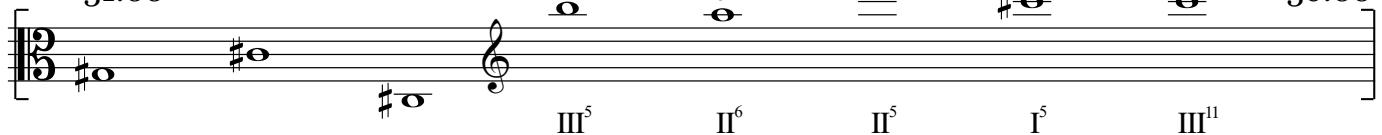
29:00

31:00



31:00

36:00



viola

36:00 38:00

A musical staff for the viola. It starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The first two measures show a single note on the fourth line followed by a measure with a note on the third line and a note on the second line. A horizontal arrow points to the right between these two measures.

38:00 42:00

A musical staff for the viola. It starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The first measure shows a single note on the fourth line. The second measure is a rest. The third measure shows a single note on the fourth line.

42:00 45:00

A musical staff for the viola. It starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The notes are: a sharp on the fourth line, a sharp on the third line, a sharp on the second line, a bass clef, a sharp on the fourth line, an eighth note on the fourth line, a sharp on the third line, an eighth note on the third line, a sharp on the second line, and a sharp on the first line. Below the staff, Roman numerals indicate harmonic progressions: III⁵, II⁶, II⁵, I⁵, and III¹¹.

45:00 47:00

A musical staff for the viola. It starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The first measure shows a single note on the fourth line. The second measure is a rest.

47:00 50:00

A musical staff for the viola. It starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The first measure shows a single note on the fourth line. A horizontal arrow points to the right between this measure and the next.

50:00 55:00

A musical staff for the viola. It starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The first measure is a rest. The second measure shows a single note on the fourth line.

violoncello

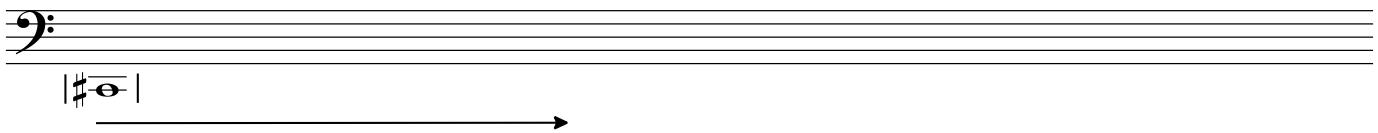
00:00

08:00



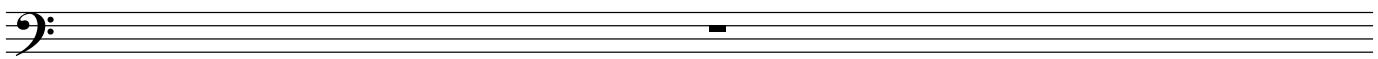
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10:00



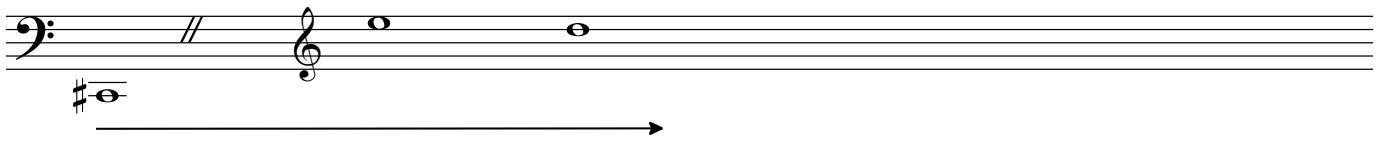
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13:00



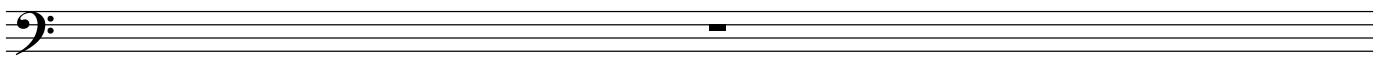
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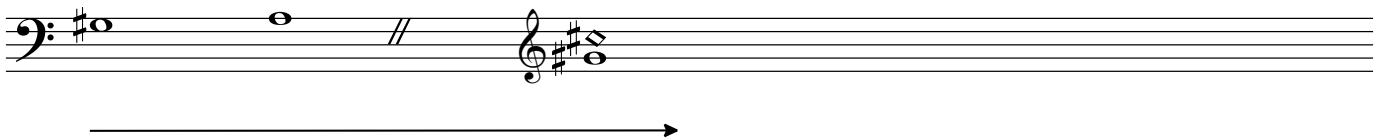
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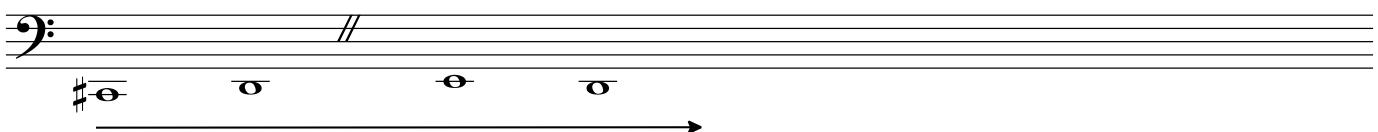
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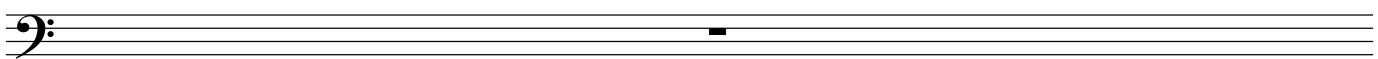
21:00

24:00



24:00

32:00



violoncello

32:00

37:00

III⁵ II⁵ I⁴ III¹⁰ I⁵ II¹⁰

37:00 40:00

Bass clef

40:00 42:00

o // # o // # o

Bass clef

42:00 45:00

o o # o # o

III¹⁰ I⁵ II¹⁰

Bass clef

45:00 47:00

-

Bass clef

47:00 50:00

| # o |

Bass clef

50:00 55:00

-

Bass clef

kontrabass / double bass

00:00

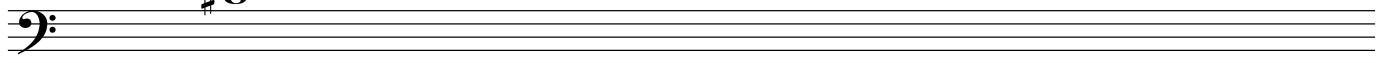
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08:00

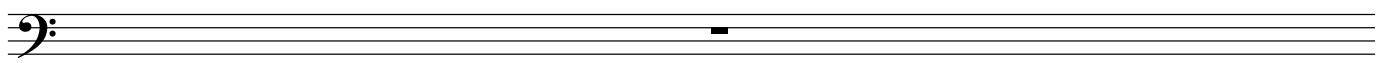


09:00



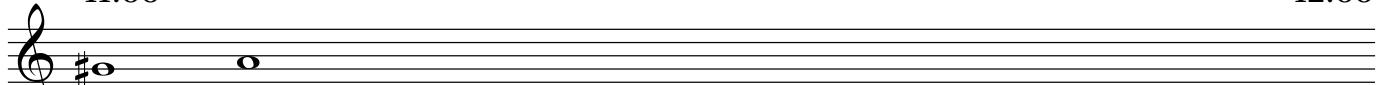
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11:00

12:00



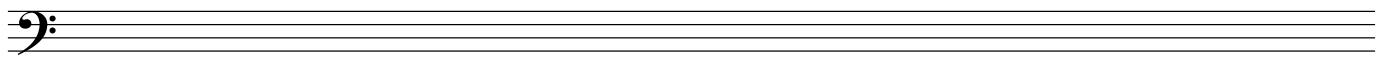
12:00

15:00



15:00

18:00



18:00

23:00



23:00

28:00



kontrabass / double bass

28:00

kontrabass / double bass

31:00

II¹⁰ I⁸ II¹¹ III¹⁵ I⁹

31:00

32:00

kontrabass / double bass

-

32:00

kontrabass / double bass

-

37:00

37:00

37:00

39:00

kontrabass / double bass

-

39:00

42:00

kontrabass / double bass

-

→

42:00

45:00

kontrabass / double bass

-

45:00

50:00

kontrabass / double bass

II¹⁰ I⁸ II¹¹ III¹⁵ I⁹

55:00

55:00

kontrabass / double bass

-

klarinette (B) / clarinet (B flat)

00:00

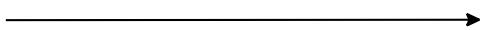
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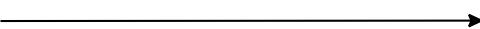
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24:00



#

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-

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26:00



26:00

31:00



klarinette (B) / clarinet (B flat)

31:00

36:00

36:00

41:00

41:00

42:00

42:00

45:00

48:00

48:00

55:00

bassklarinette (B) / bass clarinet (B flat)

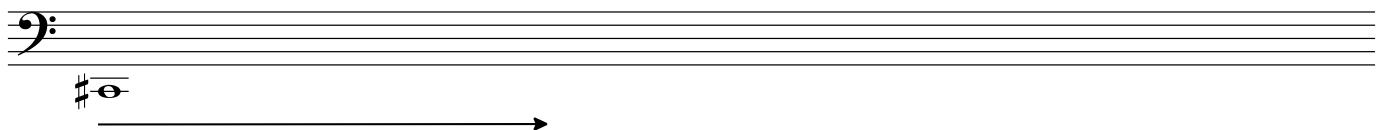
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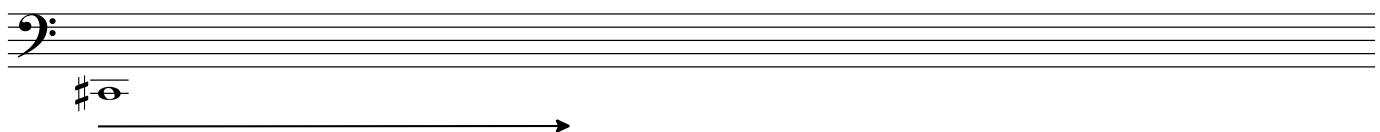
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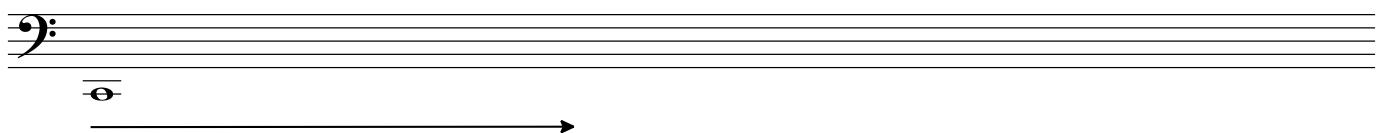
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26:00



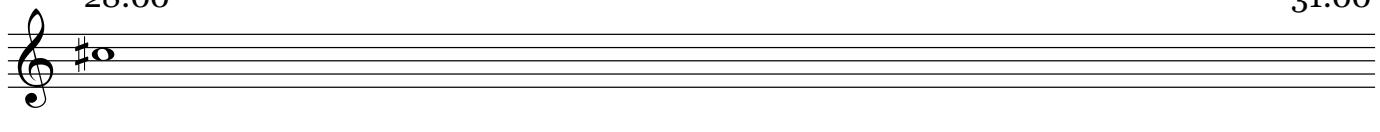
26:00

28:00



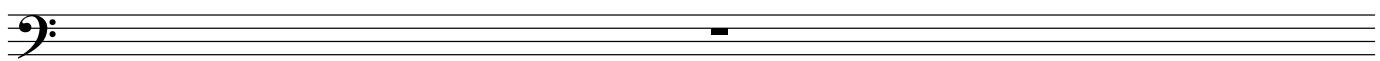
28:00

31:00

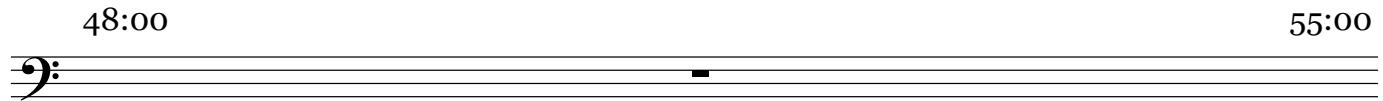
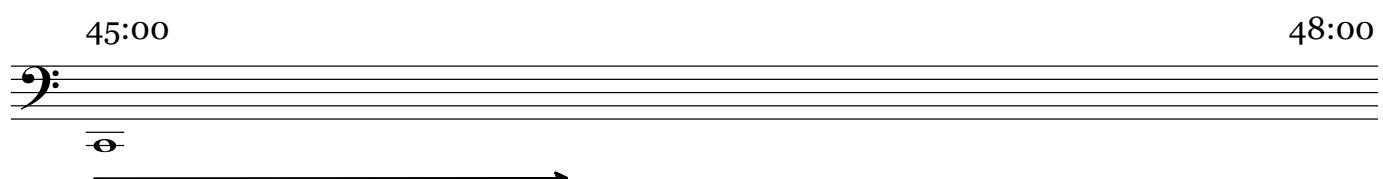
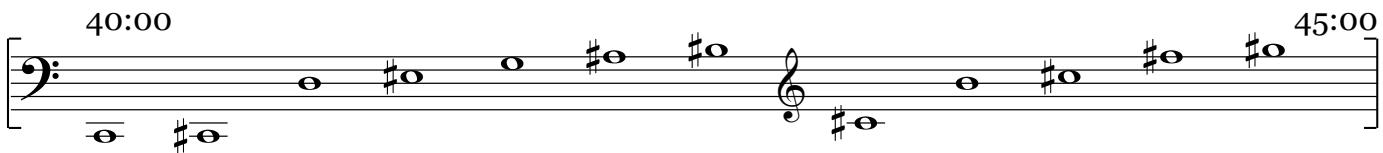
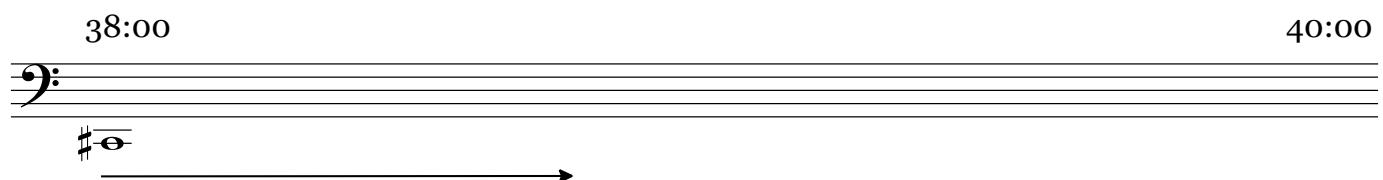


31:00

32:00



bassklarinette (B) / bass clarinet (B flat)



horn (F)

The musical score consists of six staves of music for horn (F). The staves are arranged vertically, each starting with a treble clef and a common time signature. The first staff begins at 00:00 and ends at 13:00, featuring a single eighth-note rest. The second staff begins at 13:00 and ends at 15:00, with a note on the fourth line followed by a sharp sign and an arrow pointing right. The third staff begins at 15:00 and ends at 16:00, with a note on the fifth line followed by a sharp sign and an arrow pointing right. The fourth staff begins at 16:00 and ends at 18:00, with a note on the fourth line followed by a sharp sign and an arrow pointing right. The fifth staff begins at 18:00 and ends at 23:00, with a note on the fifth line followed by a sharp sign and an arrow pointing right. The sixth staff begins at 23:00 and ends at 30:00, with a note on the fourth line followed by a sharp sign and an arrow pointing right.

00:00 13:00

13:00 15:00

15:00 16:00

16:00 18:00

18:00 23:00

23:00 28:00

28:00 30:00

horn (F)

The musical score consists of six staves of music for horn (F). The staves are arranged vertically, each starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). Measure times are indicated above the staves.

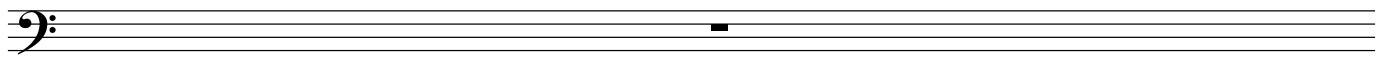
- Staff 1:** Measures 30:00 - 35:00. Notes: ♭, ♮, ♯, ♯, ♯, ♭, ♮.
- Staff 2:** Measures 35:00 - 38:00. Notes: ♭, ♮, ♯, ♯, ♯, ♭, ♮, ♯, ♭, ♮.
- Staff 3:** Measures 38:00 - 40:00. Notes: ♭, ♮, ♭, ♮, ♭, ♮.
- Staff 4:** Measures 40:00 - 45:00. Notes: ♭, ♮, ♯, ♯, ♭, ♮, ♯, ♭, ♮, ♯, ♭, ♮.
- Staff 5:** Measures 45:00 - 47:00. Notes: ♭, ♮, ♭, ♮, ♭, ♮.
- Staff 6:** Measures 47:00 - 55:00. Notes: - (rest), - (rest), - (rest).

Arrows below the third and fifth staves indicate a continuation of the sequence.

posaune / trombone

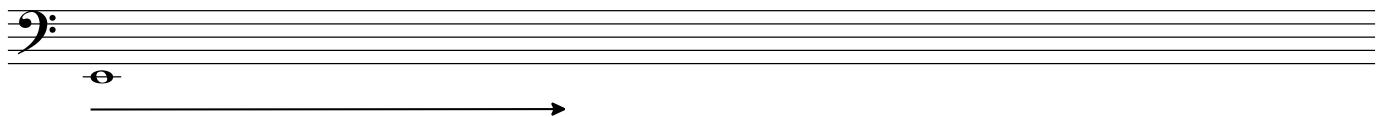
00:00

08:00



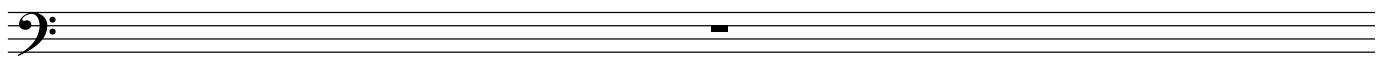
08:00

09:00



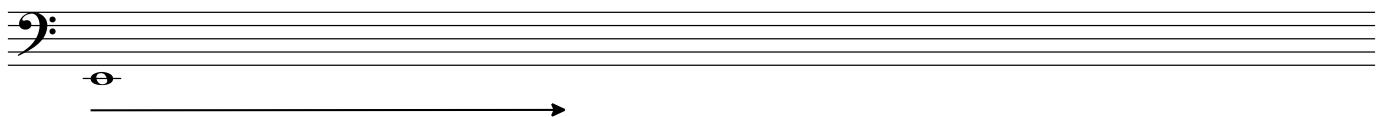
09:00

14:00



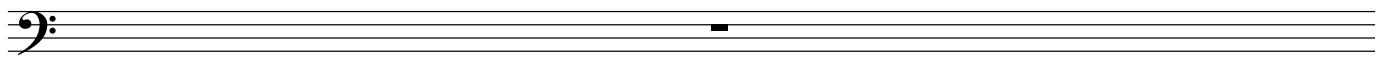
14:00

15:00



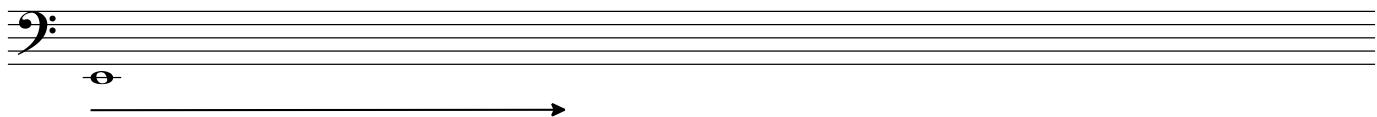
15:00

20:00



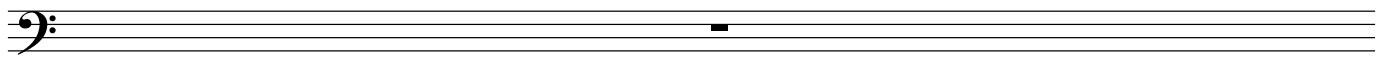
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21:00



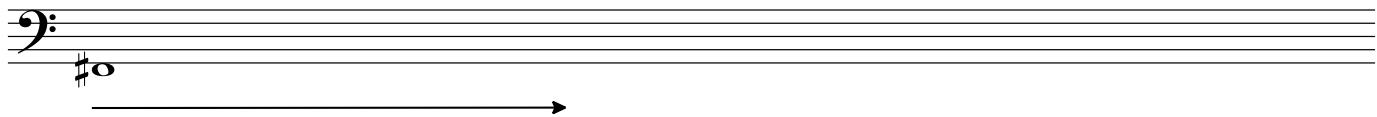
21:00

26:00

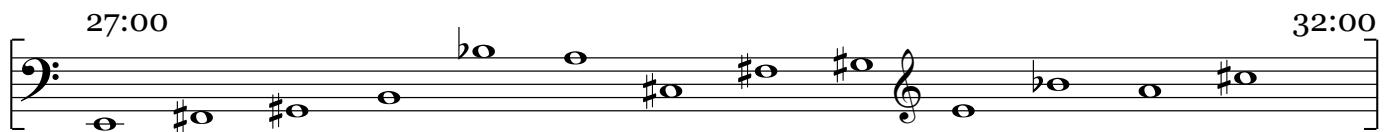


26:00

27:00



posaune / trombone



Musical staff for measures 32:00 to 37:00. The staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes shown are: a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, and a note on the fourth line. A bracket labeled "8vb" is positioned under the first four notes, and a dashed arrow points to the right.

Musical staff for measures 37:00 to 40:00. The staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes shown are: a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, and a note on the fourth line.

Musical staff for measures 40:00 to 42:00. The staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes shown are: a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, and a note on the fourth line. A small vertical bar is present on the staff.

Musical staff for measures 42:00 to 45:00. The staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes shown are: a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, and a note on the fourth line. A bracket labeled "8vb" is positioned under the first four notes, and a dashed arrow points to the right.

Musical staff for measures 45:00 to 48:00. The staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes shown are: a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, and a note on the fourth line. A small vertical bar is present on the staff.

Musical staff for measures 48:00 to 50:00. The staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes shown are: a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, and a note on the fourth line. A horizontal arrow is positioned below the staff.

Musical staff for measures 50:00 to 55:00. The staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes shown are: a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, a note on the fourth line, a note on the third line, a note on the second line, a note on the first line, and a note on the fourth line. A small vertical bar is present on the staff.

pauken / timpani

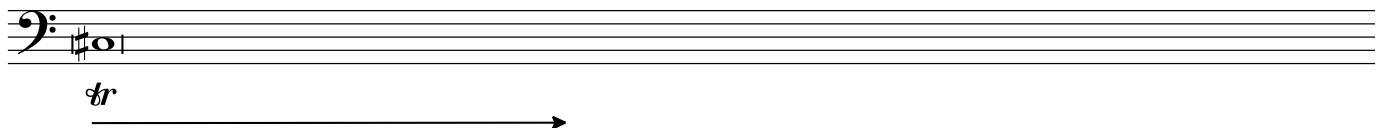
00:00

10:00



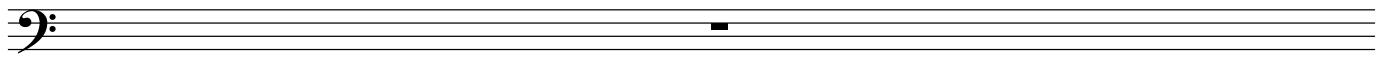
10:00

13:00



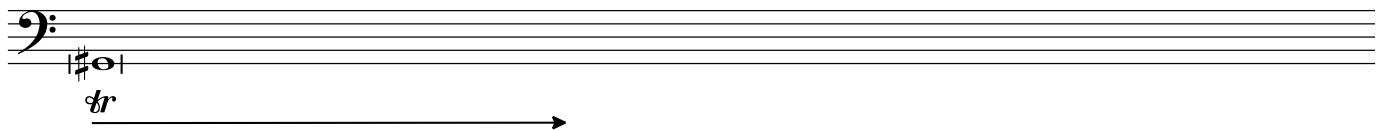
13:00

16:00



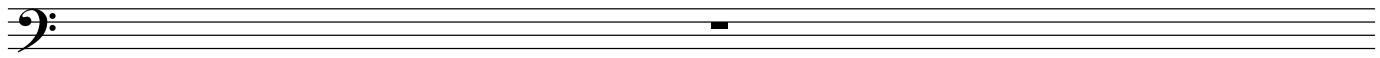
16:00

18:00



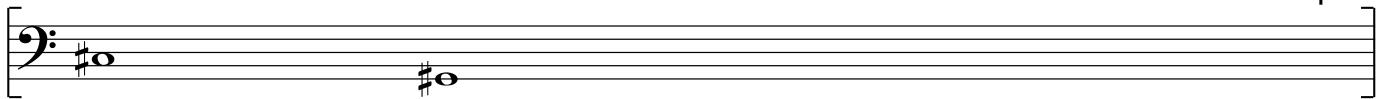
18:00

21:00



21:00

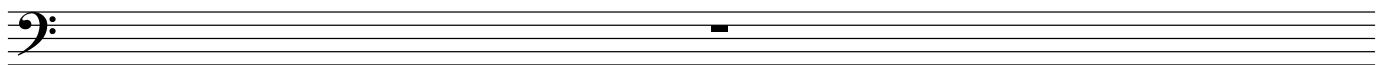
24:00



pauken / timpani

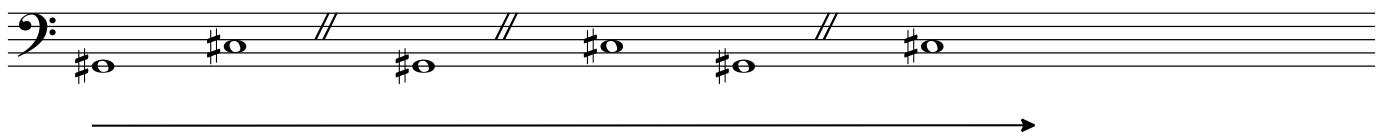
24:00

32:00



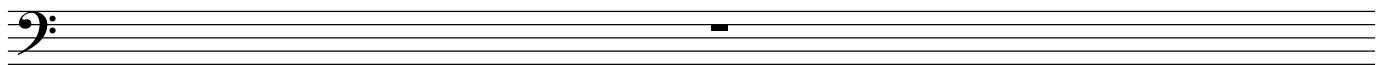
32:00

37:00



37:00

42:00



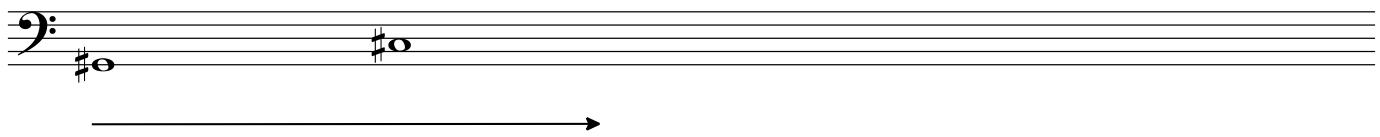
42:00

48:00



48:00

50:00



50:00

55:00



schlagwerk / percussion

00:00

08:00

08:00

cl

09:00

l

12:00

12:00

14:00

14:00

cl

15:00

15:00

16:00

16:00

dr

21:00

21:00

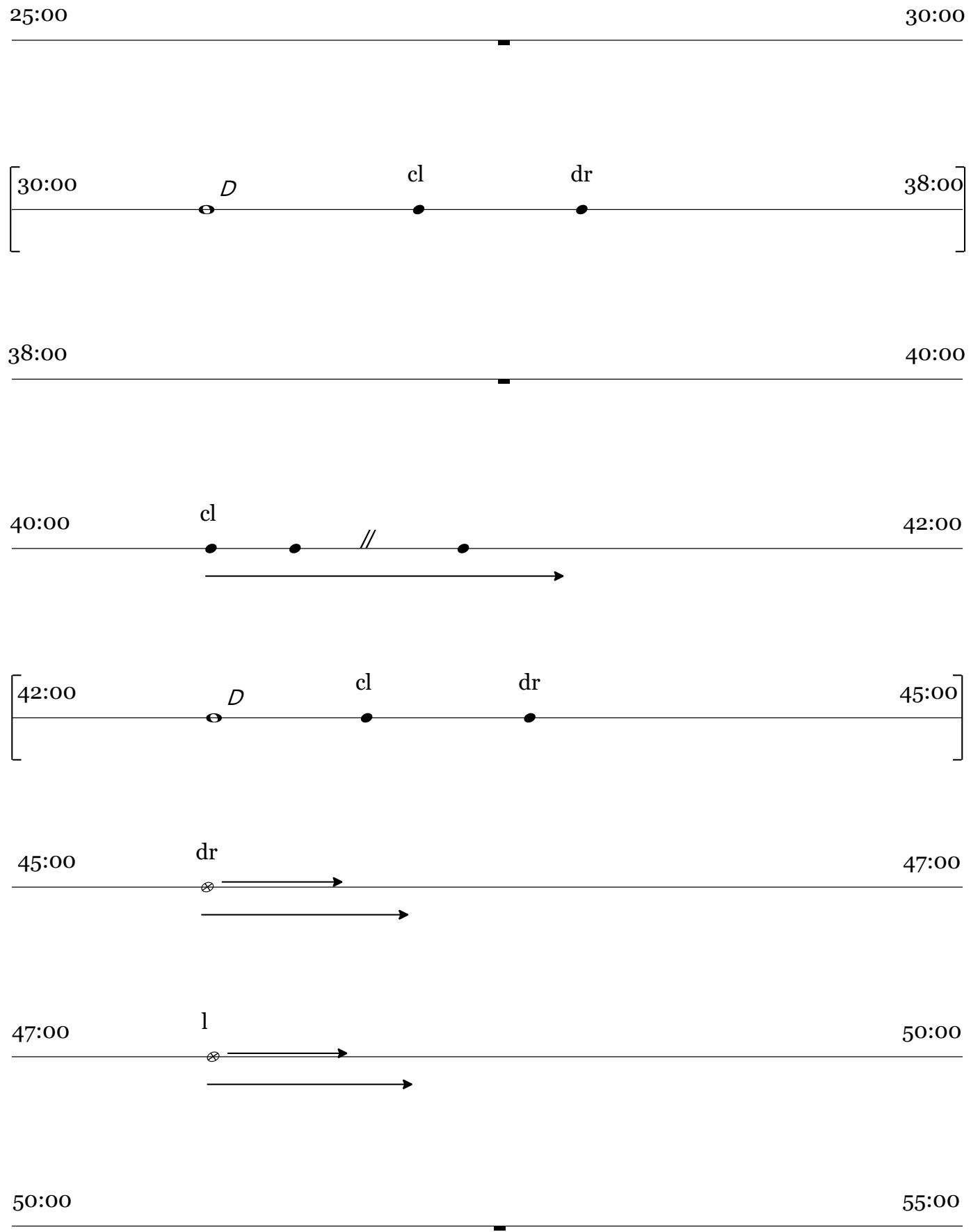
23:00

23:00

cl

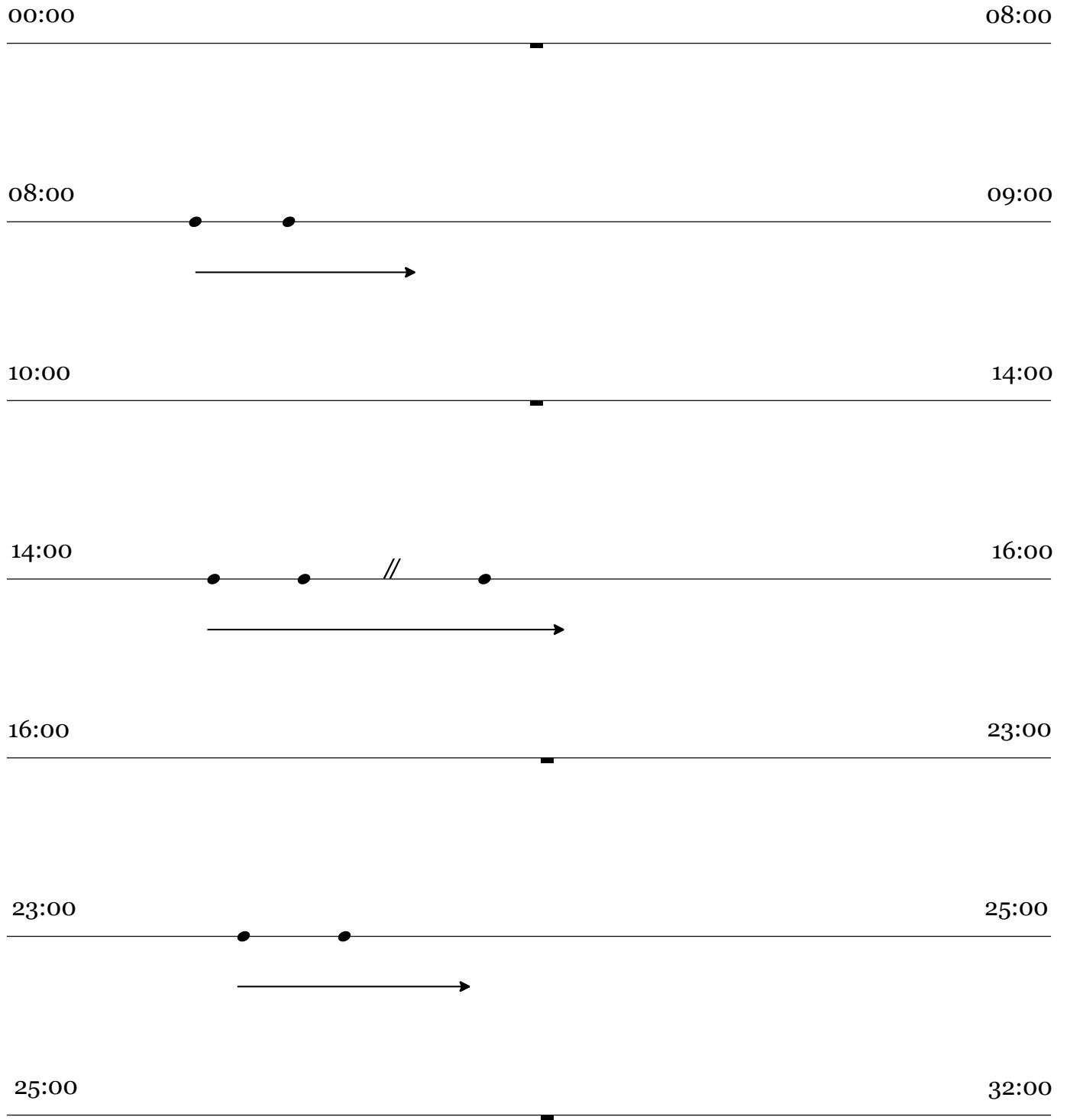
25:00

schlagwerk / percussion



supplement

percussion: claves



percussion: claves



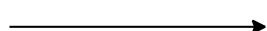
percussion: stones I

00:00

12:00

12:00

14:00



14:00

19:00

19:00

20:00

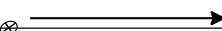


20:00

33:00

33:00

36:00



percussion: stones I



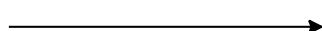
percussion: stones II

00:00

15:00

15:00

17:00

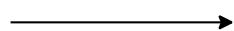


17:00

24:00

24:00

26:00

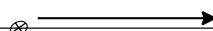


26:00

31:00

31:00

35:00



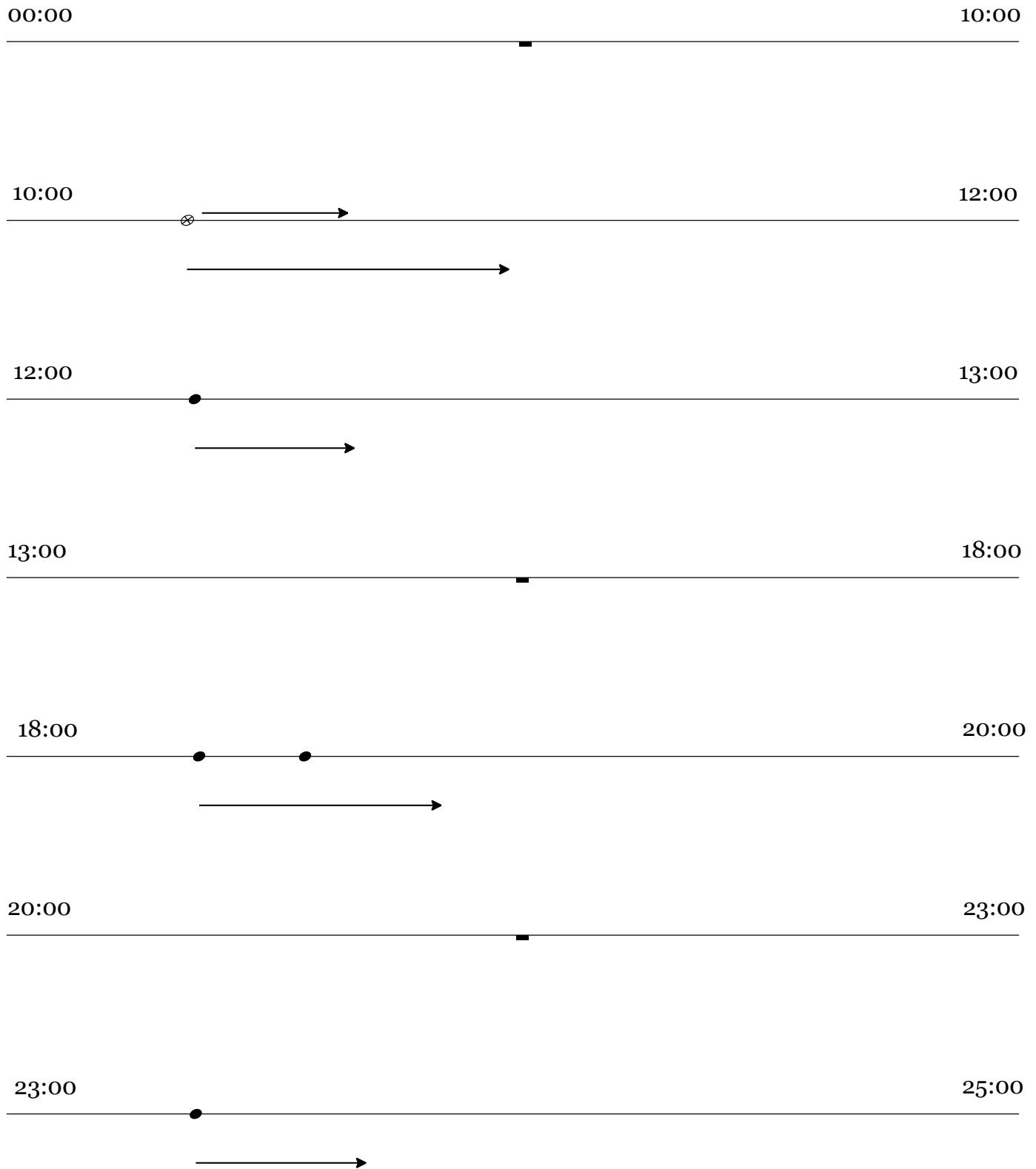
35:00

40:00

percussion: stones II



percussion: conga



percussion: conga

25:00 30:00

30:00 33:00

[

30:00

33:00

]

33:00 35:00



35:00 42:00

[

35:00

42:00

]

42:00 45:00



45:00 55:00

glockenspiel / carillon

The image displays a sequence of six musical staves, each consisting of five horizontal lines and a treble clef. The staves represent different points in time, indicated by labels at the top and bottom of each staff.

- Staff 1:** Top staff. Labels: 00:00 (top), 12:00 (bottom). Notes: A short vertical bar (rest) on the 4th line.
- Staff 2:** Second staff from top. Labels: 12:00 (top), 13:00 (bottom). Notes: A solid circle (open note) on the 3rd line. A long horizontal arrow points to the right below the staff.
- Staff 3:** Third staff from top. Labels: 13:00 (top), 17:00 (bottom). Notes: A short vertical bar (rest) on the 4th line.
- Staff 4:** Fourth staff from top. Labels: 17:00 (top), 18:00 (bottom). Notes: A solid circle (open note) on the 3rd line. A long horizontal arrow points to the right below the staff.
- Staff 5:** Fifth staff from top. Labels: 18:00 (top), 21:00 (bottom). Notes: A short vertical bar (rest) on the 4th line.
- Staff 6:** Bottom staff. Labels: 21:00 (top), 23:00 (bottom). Notes: Two solid circles (open notes) on the 3rd line, followed by a sharp symbol (♯), another solid circle (open note) on the 3rd line, and a double sharp symbol (♯♯), all connected by a single horizontal line. A long horizontal arrow points to the right below the staff.
- Staff 7:** Bottom staff. Labels: 23:00 (top), 28:00 (bottom). Notes: A short vertical bar (rest) on the 4th line.
- Staff 8:** Bottom staff. Labels: 28:00 (top), 29:00 (bottom). Notes: A solid circle (open note) on the 3rd line. A long horizontal arrow points to the right below the staff.

glockenspiel / carillon

The musical score consists of six staves of music for glockenspiel or carillon. The staves are in common time and use a treble clef. The notes are represented by open circles (o), filled circles (●), and filled circles with a diagonal line (◐). Rests are indicated by small black squares.

Staff 1: 29:00 - Rest, 31:00 - Rest

Staff 2: 31:00 - o, o, ●, o, o, ●, 34:00 - o, o, ●, ●, o, 34:00 - Rest

Staff 3: 34:00 - Rest, 39:00 - Rest

Staff 4: 39:00 - ●, 40:00 - Rest, Rest

Staff 5: 40:00 - o, ●, o, o, o, ●, 43:00 - Rest

Staff 6: 43:00 - Rest, 44:00 - Rest, Rest

Staff 7: 44:00 - Rest, 55:00 - Rest

steinharfe / stone harp

00:00

08:00

08:00

09:00

09:00

14:00

14:00

16:00

16:00

21:00

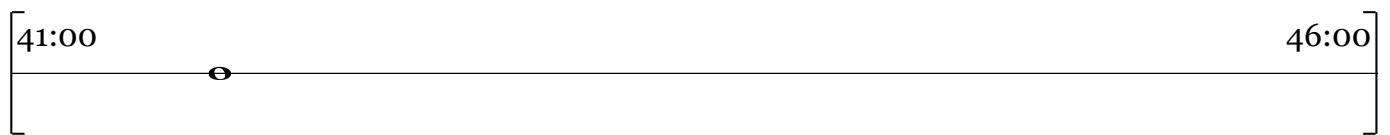
21:00

26:00

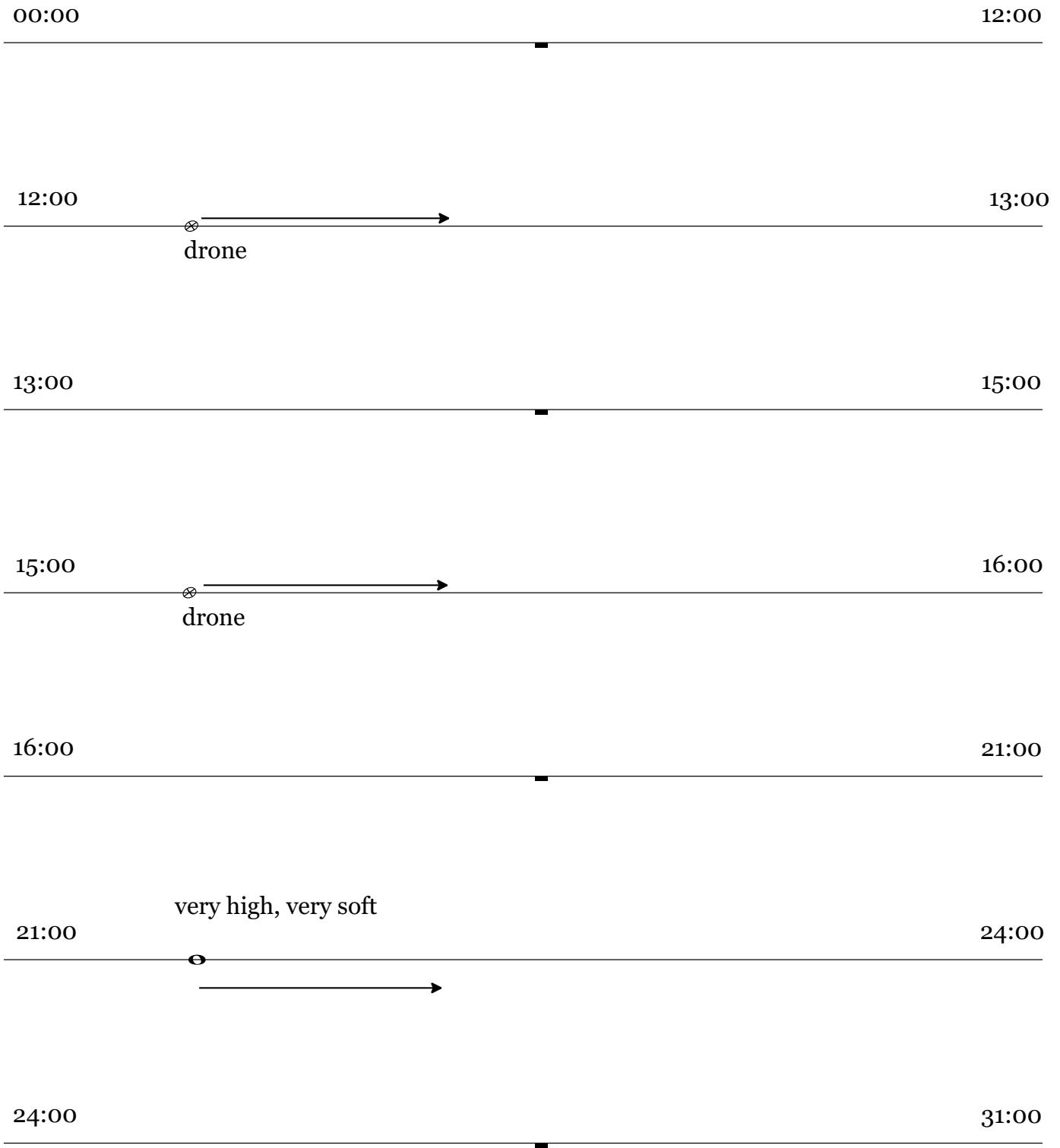
26:00

30:00

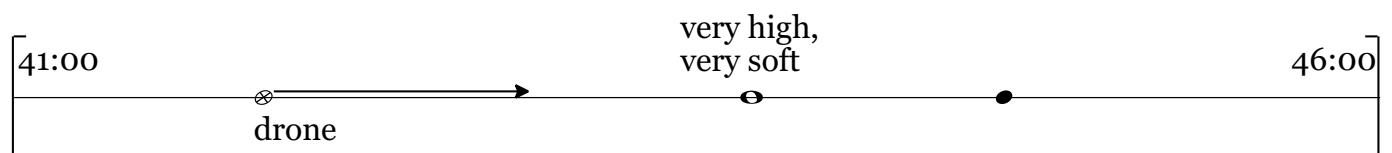
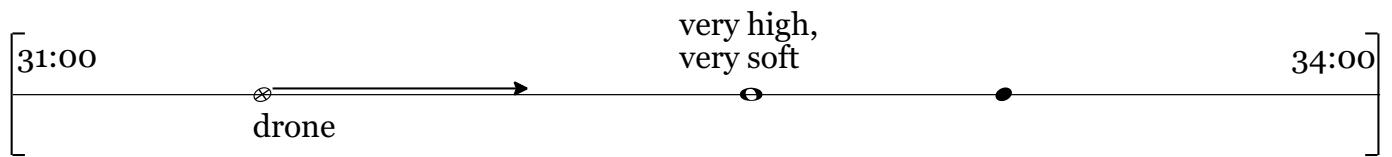
steinharfe / stone harp



harmonium



harmonium



gitarre / guitar

A six-line musical staff for guitar, featuring a treble clef at the beginning of each line. The staff is divided into six horizontal sections by five vertical bar lines. Each section contains a time marker at both ends and a specific performance instruction or marking in the center.

- Top section (00:00 to 08:00):** Contains a short horizontal dash near the end of the staff.
- Second section (08:00 to 09:00):** Contains a series of six small black dots followed by a horizontal arrow pointing right, with the text "and so on" above it. A long horizontal arrow is positioned below the staff.
- Third section (09:00 to 14:00):** Contains a short horizontal dash near the end of the staff.
- Fourth section (14:00 to 15:00):** Contains a series of six vertical strokes (dots on top) followed by a horizontal arrow pointing right, with the text "and so on" above it. A long horizontal arrow is positioned below the staff.
- Fifth section (15:00 to 18:00):** Contains a short horizontal dash near the end of the staff.
- Sixth section (18:00 to 19:00):** Contains a series of six small black dots followed by a horizontal arrow pointing right, with the text "and so on" above it. A long horizontal arrow is positioned below the staff.
- Bottom section (09:00 to 21:00):** Contains a series of notes with various performance markings:
 - Notes from 09:00 to 19:00: Sharp sign (#), circle (○), and 8th note (8).
 - Notes from 19:00 to 21:00: Flat sign (flat), circle (○), and 8th note (8).A bracket groups the first seven notes (from 09:00 to 19:00). The staff ends at 21:00 with a single note and a curved brace underneath.

gitarre / guitar

The musical score consists of six staves of music for guitar, arranged vertically. Each staff begins with a treble clef and four horizontal lines representing the strings. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Above each staff, there are time signatures and measure numbers indicating the progression of the piece.

- Staff 1:** Measure 21:00 starts with a rest. Measure 26:00 contains a single note with a sharp symbol above it. Measure 26:00 ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign, followed by a measure 28:00.
- Staff 2:** Measure 28:00 starts with a rest. Measure 31:00 contains two notes with circled flats above them. Measure 36:00 contains a note with a sharp symbol above it and a triple bar line.
- Staff 3:** Measure 36:00 starts with a rest. Measure 41:00 contains a series of notes with various symbols above them, including a circled sharp, a circled flat, and a circled dot.
- Staff 4:** Measure 41:00 continues with a series of notes. Measure 46:00 contains a note with a sharp symbol above it and a circled dot above it.
- Staff 5:** Measure 46:00 starts with a rest. Measure 55:00 contains a single note.

akkordeon 1 / accordion 1

00:00 08:00

-

08:00 09:00

→

09:00 11:00

-

11:00 12:00

→

12:00 15:00

-

15:00 18:00

→

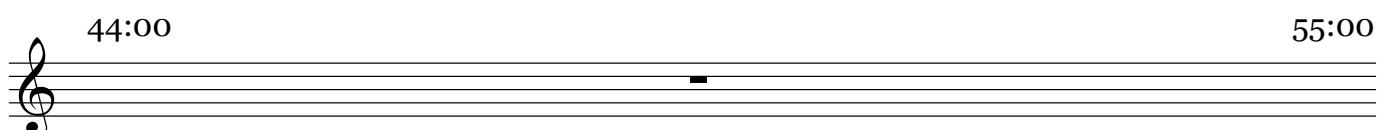
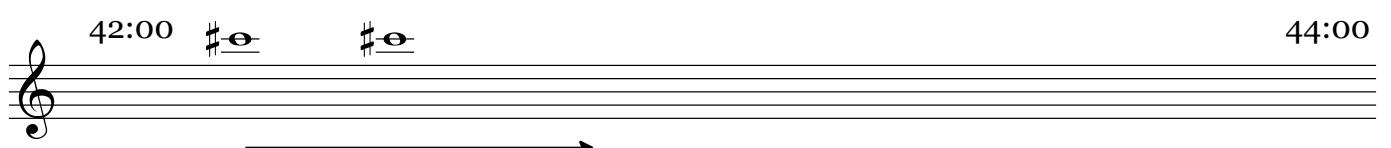
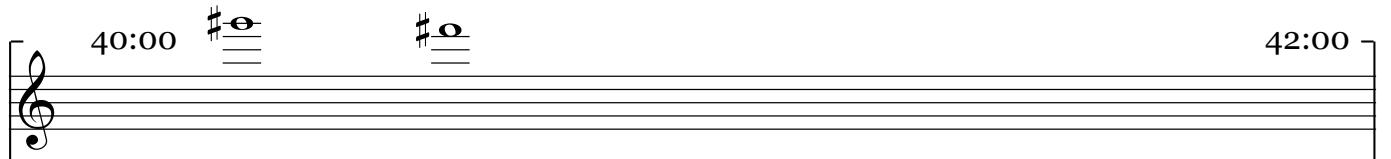
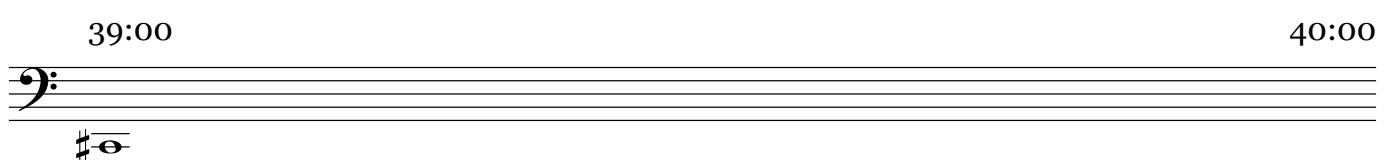
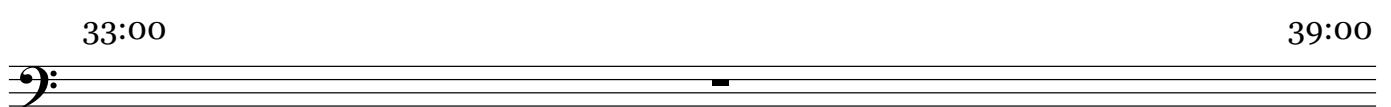
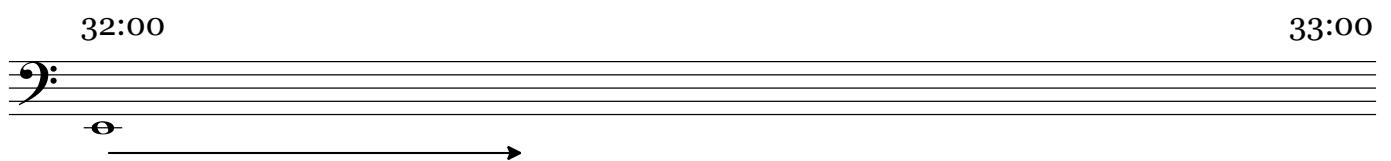
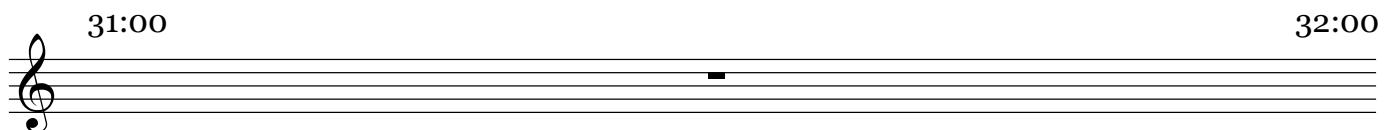
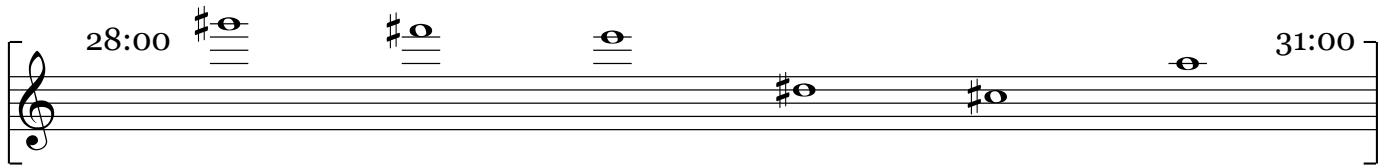
18:00 23:00

-

23:00 28:00

→

akkordeon 1 / accordion 1



akkordeon 2 / accordion 2

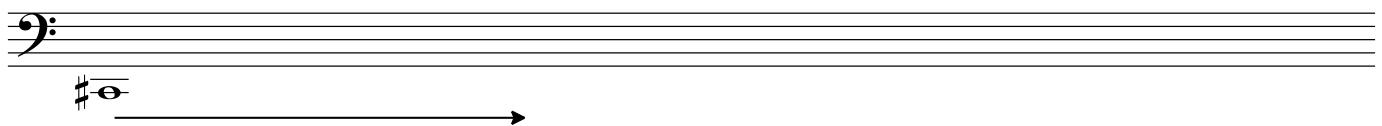
00:00

15:00



15:00

18:00



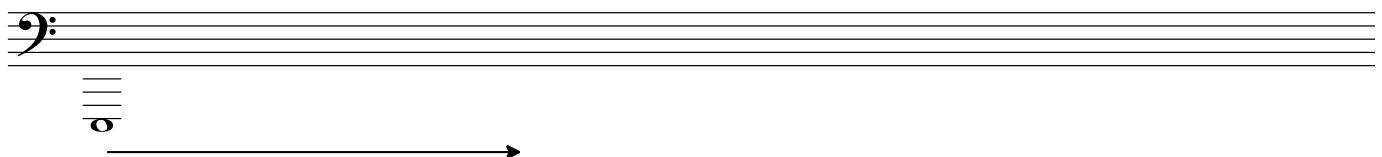
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21:00



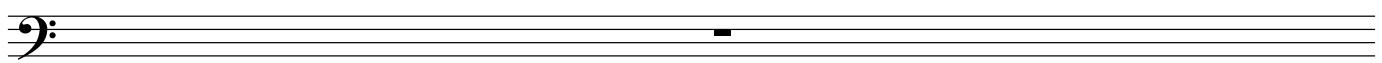
21:00

26:00



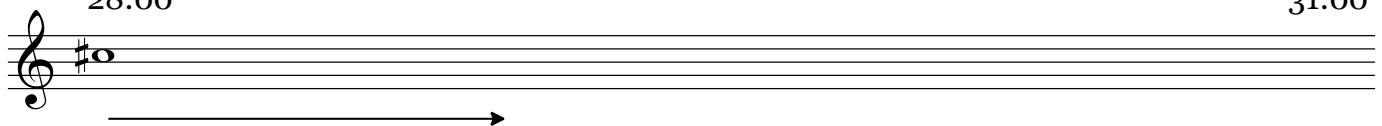
26:00

28:00



28:00

31:00



31:00

32:00



akkordeon 2 / accordion 2

Musical score for accordion 2, page 2, measures 32:00 to 35:00. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has notes on the first, third, and fifth lines. The bottom staff uses a treble clef and has notes on the first, second, and fourth lines. Measure 32:00 starts with a note on the first line. Measure 33:00 has notes on the first and third lines. Measure 34:00 has a note on the first line followed by a note on the fifth line. Measure 35:00 has notes on the first, second, and fourth lines.

Musical score for accordion 2, page 2, measures 35:00 to 38:00. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a note on the first line at 35:00, followed by a rest at 38:00. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a note on the fifth line at 35:00, followed by a rest at 38:00.

Musical score for accordion 2, page 2, measures 38:00 to 45:00. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a note on the first line at 38:00, followed by a rest at 40:00. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a note on the fifth line at 38:00, followed by a rest at 40:00. Measure 40:00 starts with a note on the first line. Measures 41:00 and 42:00 have notes on the first and third lines. Measures 43:00 and 44:00 have notes on the first and fifth lines. Measure 45:00 has notes on the first, second, and fourth lines.

Musical score for accordion 2, page 2, measures 45:00 to 55:00. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a note on the first line at 45:00, followed by a rest at 47:00. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a note on the fifth line at 45:00, followed by a rest at 47:00. Measure 47:00 starts with a note on the first line. Measures 48:00 and 49:00 have notes on the first and third lines. Measures 50:00 and 51:00 have notes on the first and fifth lines. Measure 52:00 has notes on the first, second, and fourth lines.

viola 2

00:00 08:00

08:00 $\# \text{---}^8$ --- --- $\# \text{---}$ 09:00

I⁵ II³ I³ II⁵

09:00 11:00

08:00 $\# \text{---}^8$ --- --- $\# \text{---}$ 13:00

I⁵ II³ I³ II⁵

13:00 16:00

08:00 $\# \text{---}^8$ --- --- $\# \text{---}$ 19:00

I⁵ II³ I³ II⁵

19:00 21:00

08:00 $\# \text{---}^8$ --- --- $\# \text{---}$ 29:00

b--- → 21:00 29:00

29:00 32:00

b--- →

viola 2

32:00 34:00

34:00 37:00 40:00 42:00 44:00 47:00

40:00 42:00 44:00 47:00 50:00 55:00